

Synthesis and Characterization of Cu₂S – TiO₂ Heterostructures with Enhanced Photophysical Properties

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Short Communication

As environmental damage continues to increase with time, research must be conducted with environmental applications in mind. TiO₂ has been extensively studied for photocatalysis due to its feasible synthesis as well as its chemical and thermal stability. A main drawback of TiO₂ is its large bandgap, which leads to its poor photocatalytic activity in visible light. This can be overcome by using TiO₂ in conjunction with low bandgap semiconductors. Recent studies proved that doping TiO₂ with copper-based material has shown to display better photocatalytic activity in visible light than pure TiO₂. In this study, we synthesized Cu₂S@TiO₂ nano-heterostructures of different copper ratios utilizing the sonochemical method. The composites were characterized using numerous techniques. The use of the Scanning Electron Microscope showed the preservation of the structural integrity of the TiO₂. Powder X-Ray Diffraction and Raman Spectra confirmed the presence of both materials and their crystalline nature. UV-Vis proved the capability of Cu₂S to enhance the light absorption of Cu₂S@TiO₂ towards the visible region with a decrease in the bandgap up to 3.1eV. Previous research has shown the application of TiO₂ for water splitting and chemical degradation via photocatalysis. Sulfur doped copper nanoparticles exhibited promising applications towards a selective reduction of CO₂ to formate. Thus, the newly developed Cu₂S@TiO₂ nanocomposite has great promise of application for water splitting and CO₂ reduction. Consequently, helping the cause of decreasing environmental damage.

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Note: This work is partly presented at 17th Nanotechnology and Nanomedicine Congress, June 26, 2020 | London, UK.